May 1998

🗙 National Semiconductor

LM330 3-Terminal Positive Regulator

General Description

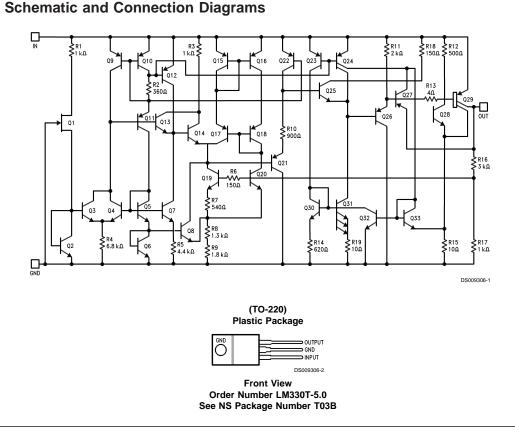
The LM330 5V 3-terminal positive voltage regulator features an ability to source 150 mA of output current with an input-output differential of 0.6V or less. Familiar regulator features such as current limit and thermal overload protection are also provided.

The low dropout voltage makes the LM330 useful for certain battery applications since this feature allows a longer battery discharge before the output falls out of regulation. For example, a battery supplying the regulator input voltage may discharge to 5.6V and still properly regulate the system and load voltage. Supporting this feature, the LM330 protects both itself and regulated systems from negative voltage inputs resulting from reverse installations of batteries.

Other protection features include line transient protection up to 26V, when the output actually shuts down to avoid damaging internal and external circuits. Also, the LM330 regulator cannot be harmed by a temporary mirror-image insertion.



- Input-output differential less than 0.6V
- Output current of 150 mA
- Reverse battery protection
- Line transient protection
- Internal short circuit current limit
- Internal thermal overload protectionMirror-image insertion protection
- P⁺ Product Enhancement tested
 - F Floduct Enhancement tested



© 1999 National Semiconductor Corporation DS009306

www.national.com

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

. .

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

input voltage	
Operating Range	26V
Line Transient Protection (1000 ms)	40V

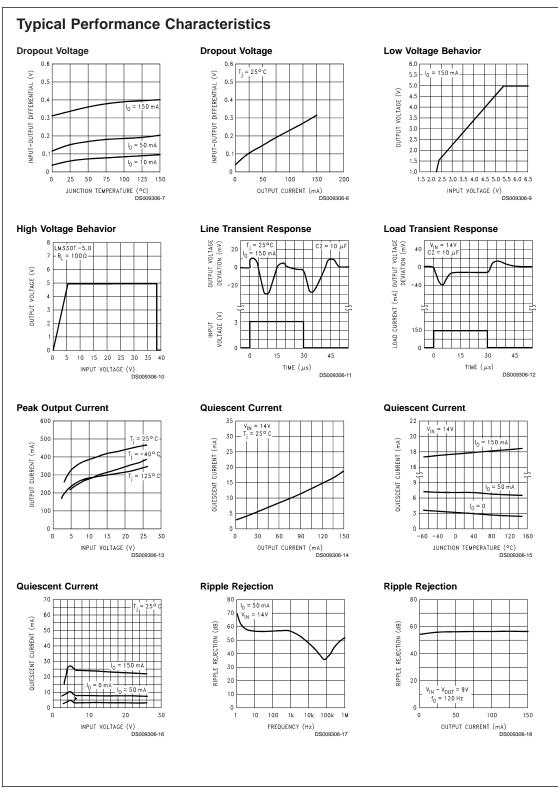
Internal Power Dissipation	Internally Limited
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +70°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	+125°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature	
(Soldering, 10 sec.)	+300°C

Electrical Characteristics (Note 2)

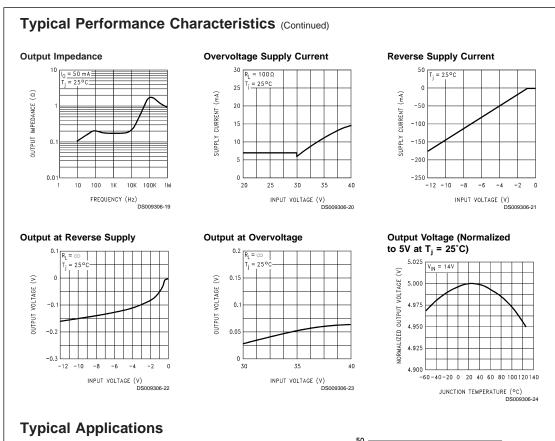
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _o	Output Voltage	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	4.8	5	5.2	
	Output Voltage	5 < I _o < 150 mA	4.75		5.25	V
	Over Temp	$6 < V_{IN} < 26V; 0^{\circ}C \le T_{j} \le 100^{\circ}C$				
ΔV_o	Line Regulation	$9 < V_{IN} < 16V, I_o = 5 \text{ mA}$		7	25	
		$6 < V_{IN} < 26V, I_o = 5 \text{ mA}$		30	60	mV
	Load Regulation	5 < I _o < 150 mA		14	50	-
	Long Term Stability			20		mV/1000 hr
Ι _Q	Quiescent Current	$I_o = 10 \text{ mA}$		3.5	7	
		$I_o = 50 \text{ mA}$		5	11	
		I _o = 150 mA		18	40	mA
	Line Transient	$V_{IN} = 40V, R_{L} = 100\Omega, 1s$		14		
	Reverse Polarity	$V_{IN} = -6V, R_{L} = 100\Omega$		-80		
ΔI_{Q}	Quiescent Current	6 < V _{IN} < 26V		10		%
	Change					
V _{IN}	Overvoltage Shutdown		26	38		
	Voltage					
	Max Line Transient			60		V
		1s, $V_o \le 5.5V$		50		-
	Reverse Polarity			-30		-
	Input Voltage	DC $V_{o} > -0.3V$, $R_{L} = 100\Omega$		-12		
	Output Noise Voltage	10 Hz–100 kHz		50		μV
	Output Impedance	$I_o = 100 \text{ mADC} + 10 \text{ mArms}$		200		mΩ
	Ripple Rejection			56		dB
	Current Limit		150	400	700	mA
	Dropout Voltage	I _o = 150 mA		0.32	0.6	V
	Thermal Resistance	Junction to Case		4		°C/W
		Junction to Ambient		50		

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits.

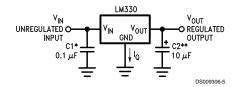
Note 2: Unless otherwise specified: V_{IN} = 14V, I_0 = 150 mA, T_j = 25°C, C1 = 0.1 µF, C2 = 10 µF. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection are measured using pulse techniques ($t_W \le 10$ ms, duty cycle $\le 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.



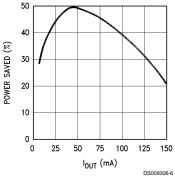
www.national.com

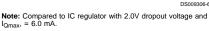


The LM330 is designed specifically to operate at lower input to output voltages. The device is designed utilizing a power lateral PNP transistor which reduces dropout voltage from 2.0V to 0.3V when compared to IC regulators using NPN pass transistors. Since the LM330 can operate at a much lower input voltage, the device power dissipation is reduced, heat sinking can be simpler and device reliability improved through lower chip operating temperature. Also, a cost savings can be utilized through use of lower power/voltage components. In applications utilizing battery power, the LM330 allows the battery voltage to drop to within 0.3V of output voltage prior to the voltage regulator dropping out of regulation.

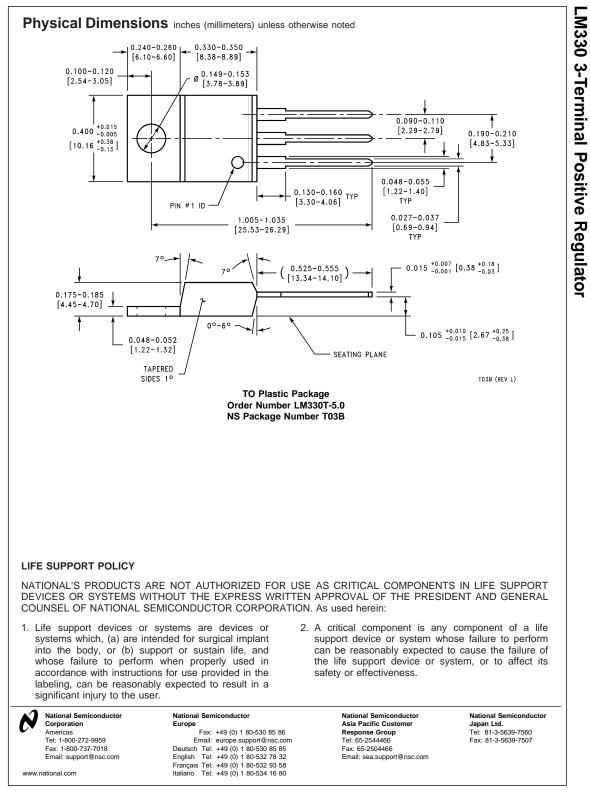


* Required if regulator is located far from power supply filter. ** C2 may be either an Aluminum or Tantalum type capacitor but must be rated to operate at -40°C to guarantee regulator stability to that temperature extreme. 10 μ F is the minimum value required for stability and may be increased without bound. Locate as close as possible to the regulation.





www.national.com



National does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and National reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry and specifications.

This datasheet has been download from:

www.datasheetcatalog.com

Datasheets for electronics components.

National Semiconductor was acquired by Texas Instruments.

http://www.ti.com/corp/docs/investor_relations/pr_09_23_2011_national_semiconductor.html

This file is the datasheet for the following electronic components:

LM330T-5.0 - http://www.ti.com/product/Im330t-5.0?HQS=TI-null-null-dscatalog-df-pf-null-wwe