

SWITCHING
N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET
INDUSTRIAL USE

DESCRIPTION

This product is N-Channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

FEATURES

- Super Low On-State Resistance
 $R_{DS(on)1} = 17 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX. (} V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V, } I_D = 28 \text{ A)}$
 $R_{DS(on)2} = 27 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX. (} V_{GS} = 4.0 \text{ V, } I_D = 28 \text{ A)}$
- Low C_{iss} : $C_{iss} = 2100 \text{ pF (TYP.)}$
- Built-in Gate Protection Diode

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
2SK3058	TO-220AB
2SK3058-S	TO-262
2SK3058-ZJ	TO-263

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Drain to Source Voltage ($V_{GS} = 0$)	V_{DSS}	60	V
Gate to Source Voltage ($V_{DS} = 0$)	$V_{GSS(AC)}$	± 20	V
Gate to Source Voltage ($V_{DS} = 0$)	$V_{GSS(DC)}$	+20, -10	V
Drain Current (DC)	$I_{D(DC)}$	± 55	A
Drain Current (Pulse) ^{Note1}	$I_{D(pulse)}$	± 165	A
Total Power Dissipation ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	P_T	58	W
Total Power Dissipation ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	P_T	1.5	W
Channel Temperature	T_{ch}	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Single Avalanche Current ^{Note2}	I_{AS}	27.5	A
Single Avalanche Energy ^{Note2}	E_{AS}	75.6	mJ

Notes 1. $PW \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$, Duty cycle $\leq 1\%$

2. Starting $T_{ch} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_G = 25 \Omega$, $V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V} \rightarrow 0$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Channel to Case	$R_{th(ch-C)}$	2.16	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Channel to Ambient	$R_{th(ch-A)}$	83.3	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

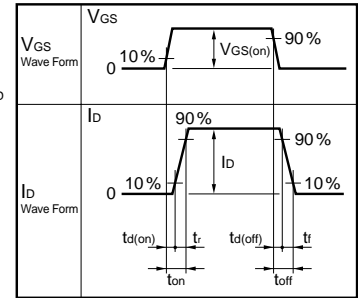
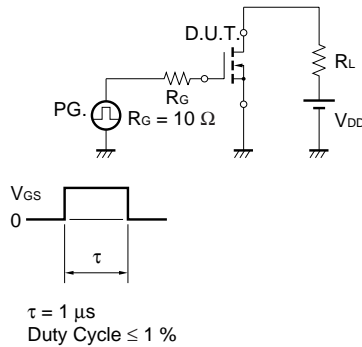
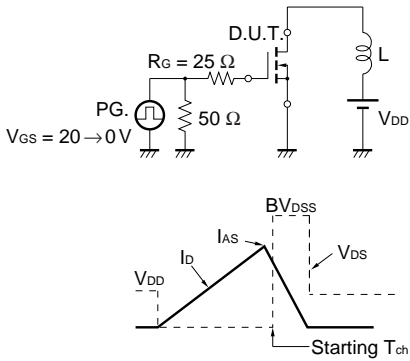
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C)

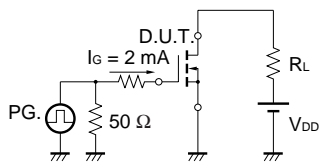
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	R _{DS(on)1}	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 28 A		12	17	mΩ
	R _{DS(on)2}	V _{GS} = 4.0 V, I _D = 28 A		19	27	mΩ
Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage	V _{GS(off)}	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 1 mA	1.0	1.6	2.0	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	y _{fs}	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 28 A	13	42		S
Drain Leakage Current	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} = 60 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			10	μA
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I _{GSS}	V _{GS} = ±20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			±10	μA
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}	V _{DS} = 10 V		2100		pF
Output Capacitance	C _{oss}	V _{GS} = 0 V		550		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}	F = 1 MHz		220		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t _{d(on)}	I _D = 28 A		36		ns
Rise Time	t _r	V _{GS(on)} = 10 V		410		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	V _{DD} = 30 V		130		ns
Fall Time	t _f	R _G = 10 Ω		260		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q _G	I _D = 55 A		45		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q _{GS}	V _{DD} = 48 V		7		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q _{GD}	V _{GS} = 10 V		13		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V _{F(S-D)}	I _F = 55 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		1.0		V
Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}	I _F = 55 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		60		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q _{rr}	di/dt = 100A/μs		100		nC

TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY

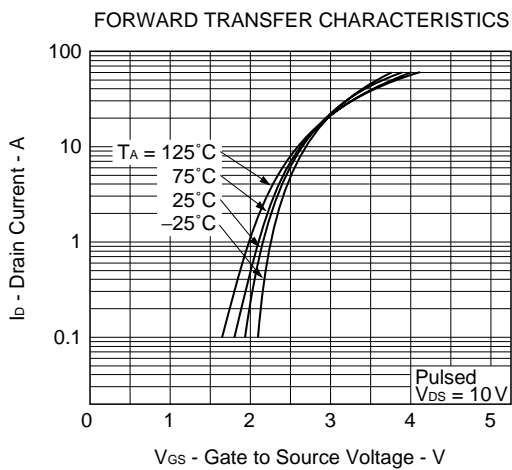
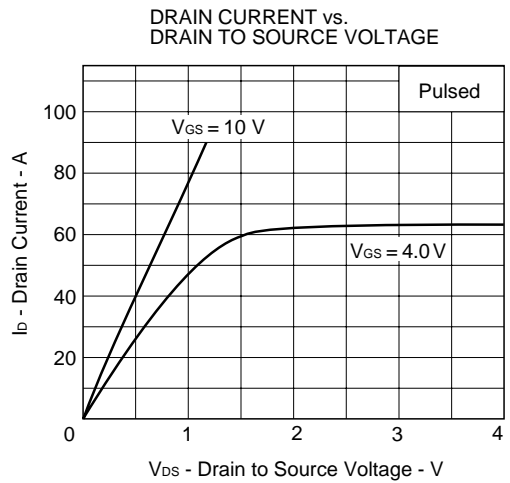
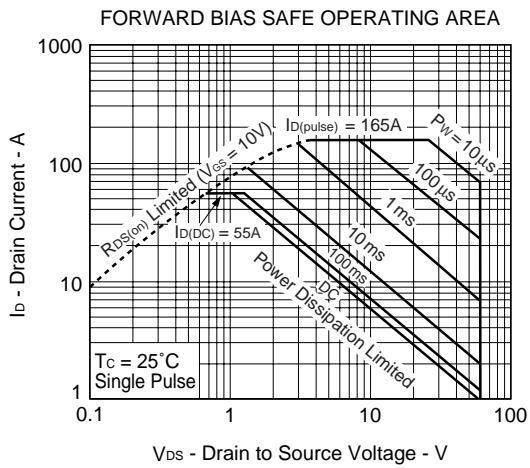
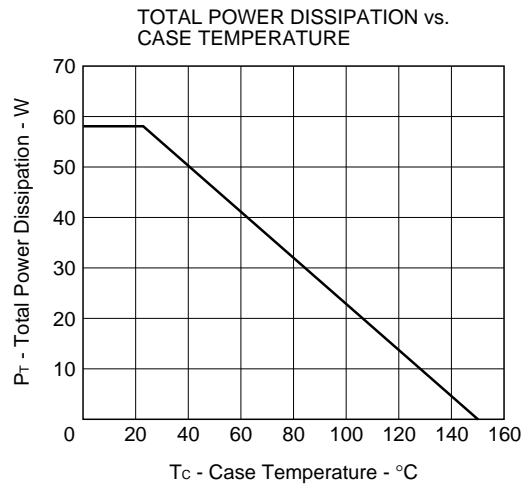
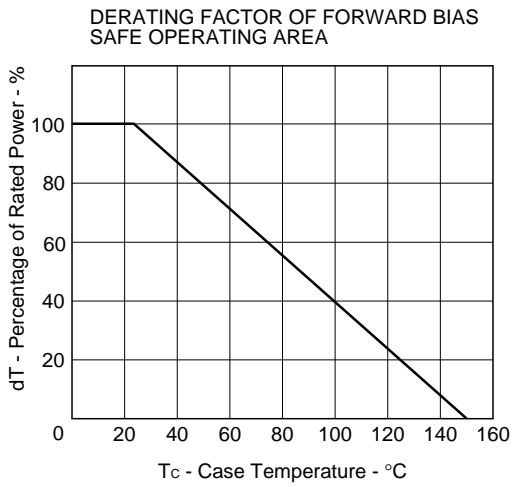
TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME



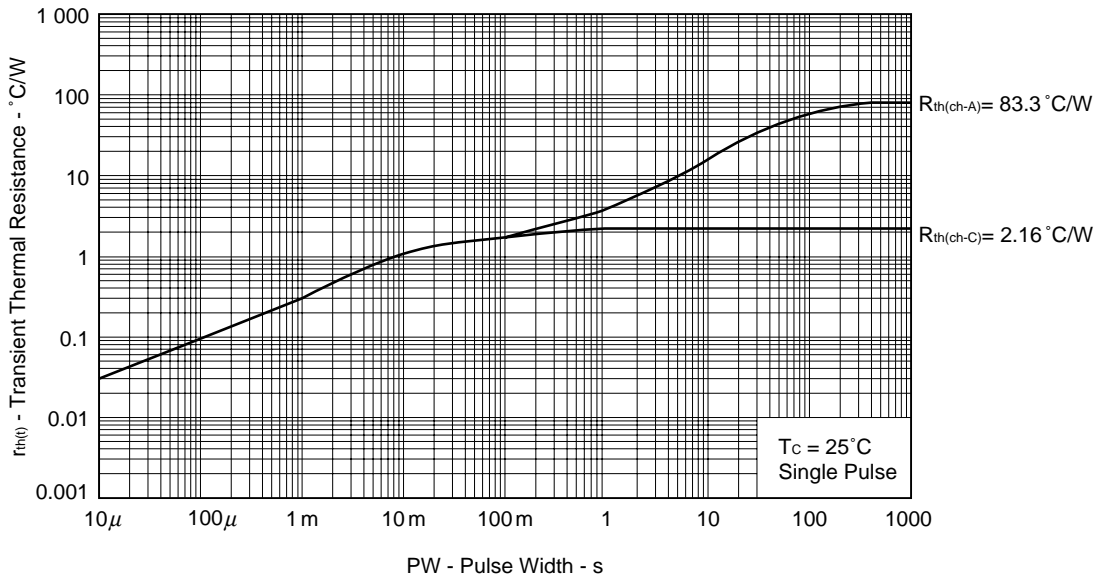
TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE



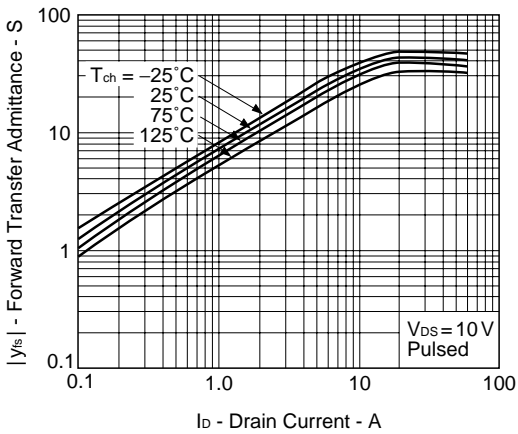
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C)



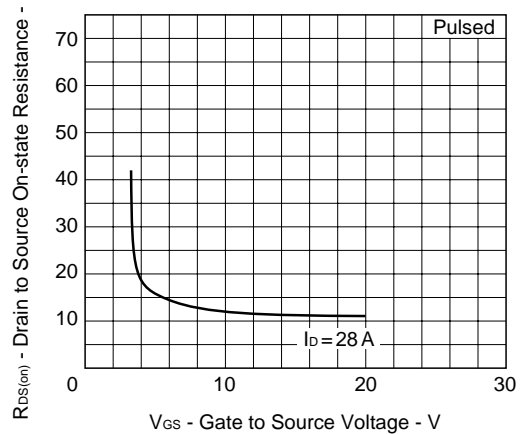
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



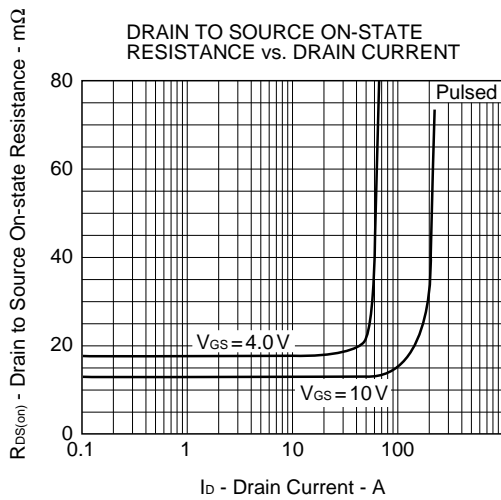
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



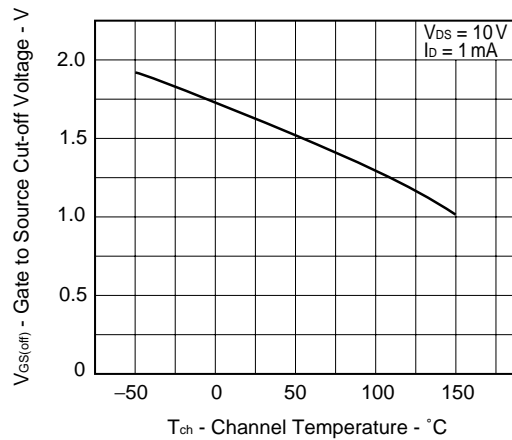
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



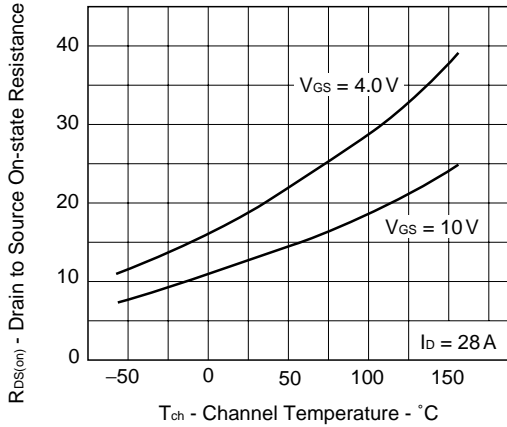
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



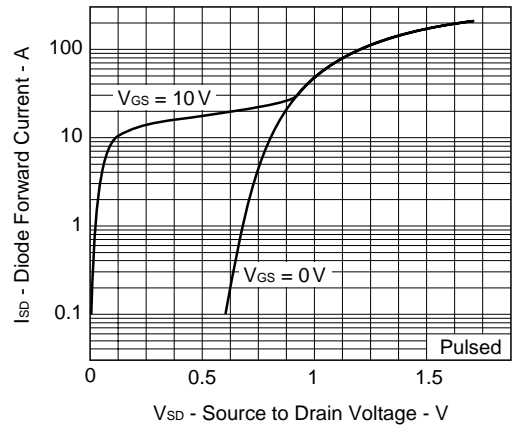
GATE TO SOURCE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



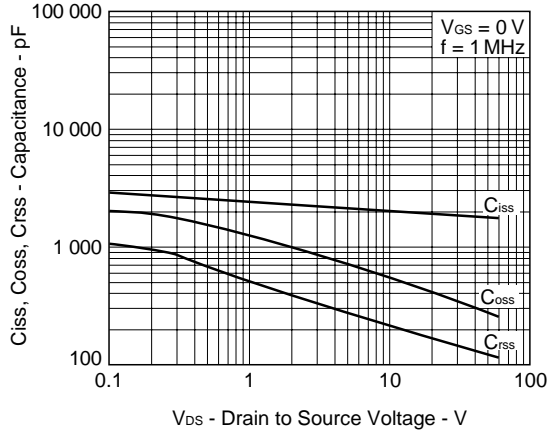
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



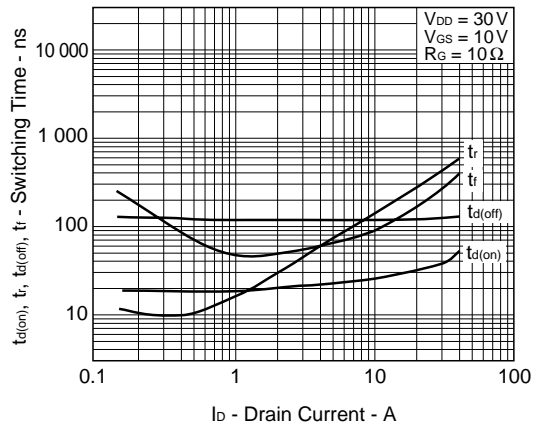
SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



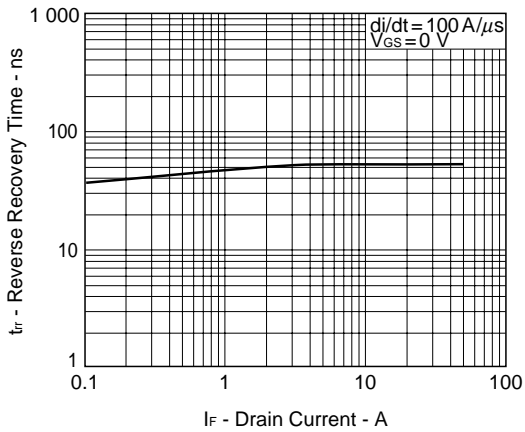
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



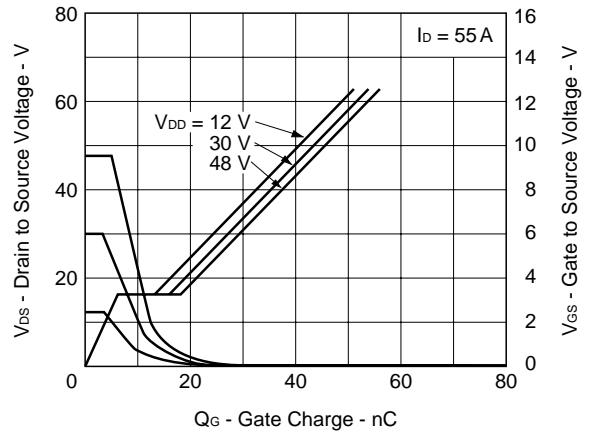
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

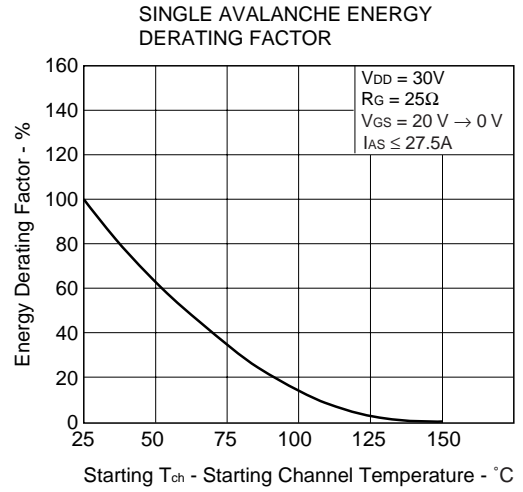
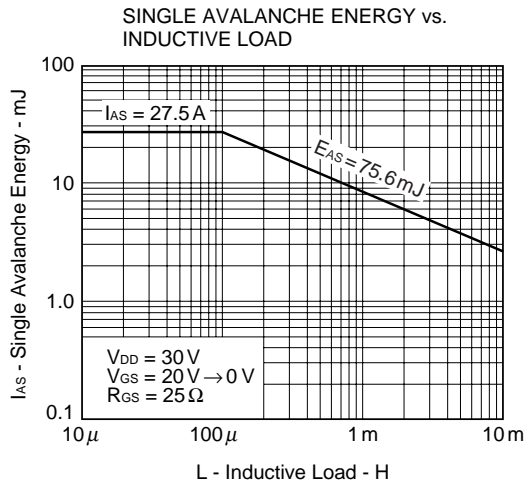


REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DRAIN CURRENT



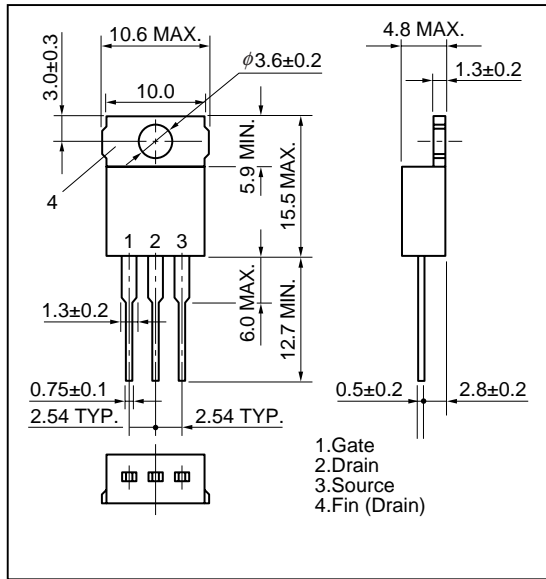
DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



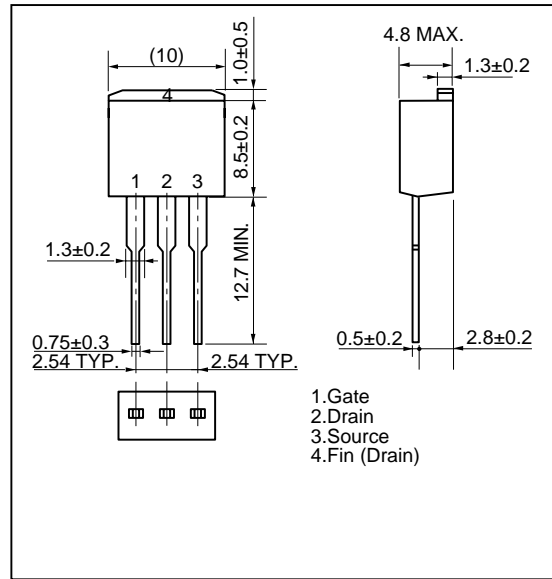


PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit : mm)

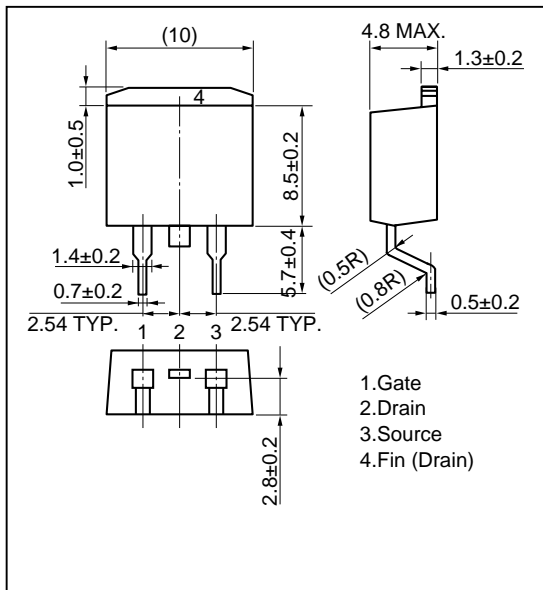
1)TO-220AB (MP-25)



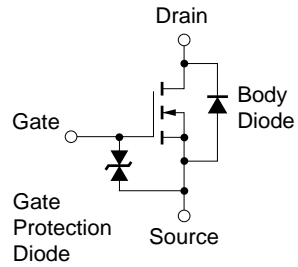
2)TO-262 (MP-25 Fin Cut)



3)TO-263 (MP-25ZJ)



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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